

Annex II

Options and discretions

List of templates

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Part 1 Options and discretions set out in Directive 2013/36/EU, Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 and LCR Delegated Regulation (EU) 2015/61												
	Directive 2013/36/EU	Regulation (EU) No 575/2013	LCR delegated regulation (EU) 2015/61	Addressee	Scope	Denomination	Description of the option or discretion	Exercised (Y/N/NA) ⁽¹⁾	National text ⁽²⁾	Reference(s) ⁽³⁾	Available in EN (Y/N)	Details / Comments
010	Date of the last update of information in this template											
020	Article 9(2)			Member States	Credit Institutions	Exception to the prohibition against persons or undertakings other than credit institutions from taking deposits or other repayable funds from the public.	The prohibition against persons or undertakings other than credit institutions from taking deposits or other repayable funds from the public shall not apply to a Member State, a Member State's regional or local authorities, a public international bodies of which one or more Member States are members, or to cases expressly covered by national or union law, provided that those activities are subject	N	NA	15.7.2021	NA	
030	Article 12(3)			Member States	Credit Institutions	Initial capital	Member States may decide that credit institutions which do not fulfil the requirements to hold separate own funds and which were in existence on 15 December 1979 may continue to carry out their business.	N	NA	NA	NA	
040	Article 12(3)			Member States	Credit Institutions	Initial capital	Credit Institutions for which Member States have decided that they can continue to carry out their business according to Article 12(3) of Directive 2013/36/EU may be exempted by MS from complying with the requirements contained in the first subparagraph of Article 13(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU.	NA	NA	NA	NA	
050	Article 12(4)			Member States	Credit Institutions	Initial capital	Member States may grant authorisation to particular categories of credit institutions the initial capital of which is less than EUR 5 million, provided that the initial capital is not less than EUR 1 million and the Member State concerned notifies the Commission and EBA of its reasons for exercising that option.	Y	The guarantee capital or share capital of a savings bank operating in a delimited local operating district, licensed to operate as referred to in Points 1 and 2 of the first paragraph of Art. 3 and holding authorisations as provided for in Points 1-6, 10, 13 and 14 of the first paragraph of Art. 20, must amount to a minimum of EUR 1 million. A delimited local operating district means a district where a savings bank does not have	Art. 14(2) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings. http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/146a/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
060	Article 21(1)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Exemptions for credit institutions permanently affiliated to a central body	Competent authorities may exempt with regard to credit institutions permanently affiliated to a central body from the requirements set out in Articles 10, 12 and 13(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU.	N	NA	NA	NA	
070	Article 29(3)			Member States	Investment Firms	Initial capital of particular types of investment firms	Member States may reduce the minimum amount of initial capital from EUR 125 000 to EUR 50 000 where a firm is not authorised to hold client money or securities, to deal for its own account, or to underwrite issues on a firm commitment basis.	Y	The share capital of an investment firm operating according to limited authorisation can amount to a minimum of EUR 50,000.	Art. 14.a (5 and 6) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings. http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/146a/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
080	Article 32(1)			Member States	Investment Firms	Investment firms' initial capital grandfathering clause	Member States may continue authorising investment firm and firms covered by Article 30 of Directive 2013/36/EU which were in existence on or before 31 December 1995, the own funds of which are less than the initial capital levels specified for them in Article 28(2), Article 29(1) or (3) or Article 30 of that Directive.	N	NA	NA	NA	
090	Article 40			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Reporting requirements to host competent authorities	The competent authorities of host Member States may, for information, statistical or supervisory purposes, require that all credit institutions having branches within their territories shall report to them periodically on their activities in those host Member States, in particular to assess whether a branch is significant in accordance with Article 51(1) of Directive 2013/36/EU.	N	NA	NA	NA	
100	Article 129(2)			Member States	Investment Firms	Exemption from the requirement to maintain a capital conservation buffer for small and medium-sized investment firms	By way of derogation from paragraph 1 of Article 129, a Member State may exempt small and medium-sized investment firms from the requirements set out in that paragraph if such an exemption does not threaten the stability of the financial system of that Member State.	Y	Article 86.e of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/161/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
110	Article 130(2)			Member States	Investment Firms	Exemption from the requirement to maintain a countercyclical capital buffer for small and medium-sized investment firms	By way of derogation from paragraph 1 of Article 130, a Member State may exempt small and medium-sized investment firms from the requirements set out in that paragraph if such an exemption does not threaten the stability of the financial system of that Member State.	Y	Article 86.d of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/161/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
120	Article 133(18)			Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Requirement to maintain a systemic risk buffer	Member States may apply a systemic risk buffer to all exposures.	Y	Article 86.b of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/161/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
130	Article 134(1)			Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Recognition of a systemic risk buffer rate	Other Member States may recognise the systemic risk buffer rate set according to Article 133 and may apply that buffer rate to domestically authorised institutions for the exposures located in the Member State setting that buffer rate.	Y	Article 86.b of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/161/2002161.html	https://www.stjornarradid.is/media/fjarmalardune-yti-media/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	
140	Article 152 first paragraph			Member States	Credit Institutions	Reporting requirements to host competent authorities	The competent authorities of host Member States may, for statistical purposes, require that all credit institutions having branches within their territories shall report to them periodically on their activities in those host Member States.	N				
150	Article 152 second paragraph			Member States	Credit Institutions	Reporting requirements to host competent authorities	Host Member States may require that branches of credit institutions from other Member States provide the same information as they require from national credit institutions for that purpose.	N				
160	Article 160(6)			Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional provisions for capital buffers	Member States may impose a shorter transitional period for capital buffers than that specified in paragraphs 1 to 4 of Article 160. Such a shorter transitional period may be recognised by other Member States.	Y	Article 44 of Act No. 57/2015 amending Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://stjornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?ID=509601cc-cba6-48b2-8ce5-1b61aa63431d		
170	Article 4(2)			Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Treatment of indirect holdings in real estate	Member States or their competent authorities may allow shares constituting an equivalent indirect holding of immovable property to be treated as a direct holding of immovable property provided that such indirect holding is specifically regulated in the national law of the Member State and, when pledged as collateral, provides equivalent protection to creditors.	N	NA	NA	NA	
180	Article 6(4)			Competent Authorities	Investment Firms	Application of requirements on an individual basis	Pending the report from the Commission in accordance with Article 508(3), competent authorities may exempt investment firms from compliance with the obligations laid down in Part Six (liquidity) taking into account the nature, scale and complexity of the investment firms' activities.	Y	Part VI of Regulation No. 233/2017 on Prudential Requirements for Financial Undertakings.	https://www.stjornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?RecordID=2a5656ae-4055-443b-977d-7e0778e4f6ae		
190	Article 24(2)					Reporting and the compulsory use of IFRS	Competent authorities may require that institutions effect the valuation of assets and off-balance sheet items and the determination of own funds in accordance with International Accounting Standards as applicable under Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002.	N	NA	NA	NA	
200	Article 89(3)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Risk weighting and prohibition of qualifying holdings outside the financial sector	Competent authorities apply the following requirements to qualifying holdings of institutions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2: for the purpose of calculating the capital requirement in accordance with Part Three of this Regulation, institutions shall apply a risk weight of 1250% to the greater of the following: (i) the amount of qualifying holdings referred to in paragraph 1 in excess of 15% of eligible capital; (ii) the total amount of qualifying holdings referred to in paragraph 2 that exceed 60% of the eligible capital of the institution;	Y	Article 28 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings. Article 16 of Act No. 96/2016 amending Article 28 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings.	http://www.fjarmalardune.yti.is/media/skjalfact_no_161_2002_en.pdf	http://www.alt.hingli.is/altact/5tj/2016.096.html	
201	Article 89(3)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Risk weighting and prohibition of qualifying holdings outside the financial sector	Competent authorities apply the following requirements to qualifying holdings of institutions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2: the competent authorities shall prohibit institutions from having qualifying holdings referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 the amount of which exceeds the percentages of eligible capital laid down in those paragraphs.	N	NA	NA	NA	
210	Article 95(2)			Competent Authorities	Investment Firms	Requirements for investment firms with limited authorisation to provide investment services	Competent authorities may set the own fund requirements for investment firms with limited authorisation to provide investment services as the own fund requirements that would be binding on those firms according to the national transposition measures in force on 31 December 2013 for Directive 2006/49/EC and Directive 2006/48/EC.	N	NA	NA	NA	
220	Article 99(3)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Reporting on own funds requirements and financial information	Competent authorities may require those credit institutions applying international accounting standards as applicable under Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 for the reporting of own funds on a consolidated basis pursuant to Article 24(2) of this Regulation to also report financial information as laid down in paragraph 2 of this Article.	N	NA	NA	NA	
230	Article 124(2)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Risk weights and criteria applied to exposures secured by mortgages on immovable property	Competent authorities may set a higher risk weight or stricter criteria than those set out in Article 125(2) and Article 126(2), where appropriate, on the basis of financial stability considerations.	N	NA	NA	NA	
240	Article 129(1)					Exposures in the form of covered bonds	The competent authorities may, after consulting EBA, partly waive the application of point (c) of the first subparagraph and allow credit quality step 2 for up to 10 % of the total exposure of the nominal amount of outstanding covered bonds of the issuing institution, provided that significant potential concentration problems in the Member States concerned can be documented due to the application of the credit quality	N	NA	NA	NA	
250	Article 164(5)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Minimum values of exposure weighted average Loss Given Default (LGD) for exposures secured by property	Based on the data collected under Article 101 and taking into account forward-looking immovable property market developments and any other relevant indicators, the competent authorities shall periodically, and at least annually, assess whether the minimum LGD values in paragraph 4 of this Article are appropriate for exposures secured by residential property or commercial immovable property located in their territory. Competent	N	NA	NA	NA	
260	Article 178(1)(b)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Default of an obligor	Competent authorities may replace the 90 days with 180 days for exposures secured by residential property or SME commercial immovable property in the retail exposure class, as well as exposures to public sector entities.	N	NA	NA	NA	
270	Article 284(4)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exposure value	Competent authorities may require an alpha higher than 1.4 or permit institutions to use their own estimates in accordance with Article 284 (9)	N	NA	NA	NA	
280	Article 284(9)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exposure value	Competent authorities may permit institutions to use their own estimates of alpha	N	NA	NA	NA	
290	Article 327(2)			Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Netting between a convertible and an offsetting position in the underlying instrument	Competent authorities may adopt an approach under which the likelihood of a particular convertible's being converted is taken into account or require an own funds requirement to cover any loss which conversion might entail.	N	NA	NA	NA	

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010	Date of the last update of information in this template										15.7.2021	
300		Article 395(1)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Large exposure limits for exposures to institutions	Competent authorities may set a lower large exposure limit than EUR 150 000 000 for exposures to institutions.	Y	Article 30 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.fjar.malarduneyti.is/media/ksjal/A ct_No_161_200 2_en.pdf	Y	
310		Article-400(2)(a) 493(3)(a)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt covered bonds falling within the terms of Article 129(1), (3) and (6).	Y	Article 71(1) item 10 of Regulation No. 233/2017 on Prudential Requirements for Financial Undertakings	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=2a5656 ae-4055-443b-977d-260778fc4fae		
320		Article-400(2)(b) 493(3)(b)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt asset items constituting claims on regional governments or local authorities of Member States.	N	NA	NA		
330		Article-400(2)(c) 493(3)(c)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures incurred by an institution to its parent undertaking or subsidiaries.	N	NA	NA		
340		Article-400(2)(d) 493(3)(d)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to regional or central credit institutions with which the credit institution is associated in a network and which are responsible for cash-clearing operations within the network.	N	NA	NA		
350		Article-400(2)(e) 493(3)(e)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to credit institutions incurred by credit institutions, one of which operates on a non-competitive basis and provides or guarantees loans under legislative programmes or its statutes, to promote specified sectors of the economy under some form of government oversight and restrictions on the use of the loans, provided that the respective exposures arise from such loans that	N	NA	NA		
360		Article-400(2)(f) 493(3)(f)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to institutions, provided that those exposures do not constitute such institutions' own funds, do not last longer than the following business day and are not denominated in a major trading currency.	N	NA	NA		
370		Article-400(2)(g) 493(3)(g)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to central banks in the form of required minimum reserves held at those central banks which are denominated in their national currencies.	N	NA	NA		
380		Article-400(2)(h) 493(3)(h)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to central governments in the form of statutory liquidity requirements held in government securities which are denominated and funded in their national currencies provided that, at the discretion of the competent authority, the credit assessment of those central governments assigned by a nominated External Credit Assessment Institution is investment grade.	N	NA	NA		
390		Article-400(2)(i) 493(3)(i)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt 50% of medium/low risk off-balance sheet documentary credits and of medium/low risk off-balance sheet undrawn credit facilities referred to in Annex 1 and subject to the competent authorities' agreement, 80% of guarantees other than loan guarantees which have a legal or regulatory basis and are given for their members by mutual guarantee schemes possessing the status of credit	N	NA	NA		
400		Article-400(2)(j) 493(3)(j)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt legally required guarantees used when a mortgage loan financed by issuing mortgage bonds is paid to the mortgage borrower before the final registration of the mortgage in the land register, provided that the guarantee is not used as reducing the risk in calculating the risk-weighted exposure amounts.	N	NA	NA		
410		Article-400(2)(k) 493(3)(k)		Competent Authorities	Competent Authorities	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt assets items constituting claims on and other exposures to recognised exchanges.	N	NA	NA		
420		Article 412(5)		Member States	Credit Institutions	Liquidity coverage requirement	Member States may maintain or introduce national provisions in the area of liquidity requirements before binding minimum standards for liquidity coverage requirements are specified and fully introduced in the Union in accordance with Article 460.	Y	Part VI of Regulation No. 233/2017 of Prudential Requirements for Financial Undertakings	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=2a5656 ae-4055-443b-977d-260778fc4fae	N	
430		Article 412(5)		Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Liquidity coverage requirement	Member states or competent authorities may require domestically authorised institutions, or a subset of these institutions to maintain a higher liquidity coverage requirement up to 100% until the binding minimum standard is fully introduced at a rate of 100% in accordance with Article 460.	N	NA	NA		
440		Article 413(3)		Member States	Credit Institutions	Stable funding requirement	Member States may maintain or introduce national provisions in the area of stable funding requirements before binding minimum standards for net stable funding requirements are specified and introduced in the Union in accordance with Article 510.	Y	Rules on Funding Ratios in Foreign Currencies, no. 1032/2014. Rules on funding ratio tool affect	http://www.cb.is/s/about-the-bank/central-bank-of-iceland/laws-and-order/	Y	
450		Article 415(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Liquidity reporting requirements	Competent authorities may continue to collect information through monitoring tools for the purpose of monitoring compliance with existing national liquidity standards, until the full introduction of binding liquidity requirements.	Y		See answers to above questions		
460		Article 420(2)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Liquidity outflow rate	The competent authorities may apply an outflow rate up to 5% for trade finance off-balance sheet related products, as referred to in Article 429 and Annex 1.	N	NA	NA		
470		Article 467(2)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised losses measured at fair value	By way of derogation from paragraph 1 of Article 467, the competent authorities may, in cases where such treatment was applied before 1 January 2014, allow institutions not to include in any element of own funds unrealised gains or losses on exposures to central governments classified in the "Available for Sale" category of EU-endorsed IAS 39.	N	NA	NA		
480		Article 467(3) second subparagraph		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised losses measured at fair value	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentage in the ranges specified in points (a) to (d) of paragraph 2 of Article 467.	Y, Cf. Part 3	Article 84(1) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
490		Article 468(2)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised gains measured at fair value	Competent authorities may permit institutions to include in the calculation of their Common Equity Tier 1 capital 100% of their unrealised gains at fair value where under Article 467 institutions are required to include their unrealised losses measured at fair value in the calculation of Common Equity Tier 1 capital.	Y	Article 84(1) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
500		Article 468(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised gains measured at fair value	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentage of unrealised gains in the ranges specified in points (a) to (c) of paragraph 2 of Article 468 that is removed from Common Equity Tier 1 capital.	Y, Cf. Part 4	Article 84 (1) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
510		Article 471(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemption from deduction of equity holding in insurance companies from CET1 items	By way of derogation from Article 49(1), during the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2022, competent institutions to not deduct equity holdings in insurance undertakings, reinsurance undertakings and insurance holding companies where the conditions set out in paragraph 1 of Article 471 are met.	N	NA	NA		
520		Article 473(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Introduction of amendments to IAS 19	By way of derogation from Article 481 during the period from 1 January 2014 until 31 December 2018, competent authorities may permit institutions that prepare their accounts in conformity with the international accounting standards adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 to add to their Common Equity Tier 1 capital the applicable amount in accordance with paragraph 2	N	NA	NA		
530		Article 478(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional deductions from Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish an applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 478 for each of the following deductions: (a) the individual deductions required pursuant to points (a) to (h) of Article 36(1), excluding deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences;	Y, Cf. Part 5	Article 85 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
540		Article 479(4)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional recognition in consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 capital of instruments and items that do not qualify as minority interests	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraph 3 of Article 479.	N, Cf. Part 6	NA	NA		
550		Article 480(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional recognition of minority interests and qualifying Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the value of the applicable factor in the ranges specified in paragraph 2 of Article 480.	Y, Cf. Part 7	Article 84 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
560		Article 481(5)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Additional transitional filters and deductions	For each filter or deduction referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 481, competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentages in the ranges specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of that Article	Y, Cf. Part 8	Article 85 of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lagas/n una/2002161.ht ml		
570		Article 486(6)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Limits for grandfathering of items within Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentages in the ranges specified in paragraph 5 of Article 486.	N, Cf. Part 9	NA	NA		
580		Article 495(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of equity exposures under the IRB approach	By way of derogation from Chapter 3 of Part Three, until 31 December 2017, the competent authorities may exempt from the IRB treatment certain categories of equity exposures held by institutions and EU subsidiaries of institutions in that Member State as at 31 December 2007.	N	NA	NA		
590		Article 496(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional provision on the calculation of own fund requirements for exposures in the form of covered bonds	Until 31 December 2017, competent authorities may waive in full or in part the 1% limit for senior units issued by French Fonds Communs de Créances or by securitisation entities which are equivalent to French Fonds Communs de Créances laid down in points (d) and (f) of Article 129(1), provided that conditions specified in points (a) and (b) of Article 496(1) are fulfilled.	N	NA	NA		
600		Article 10(1)(b)(iii)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	LCR - Liquid assets	The liquidity reserve held by the credit institution in a central bank is recognisable as Level 1 asset provided that it can be withdrawn in times of stress. The purposes under which central bank reserves may be withdrawn for the purposes of this Article must be specified in an agreement between the CA and the ECB or the central bank.	Y	Article 10(1)(b)(iii) of rules 266/2017	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=4a9520 68-fe9f-41a2-a7bb		
610		Article 10(2)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	LCR - Liquid assets	Paragraph 1(f) shall be subject to a haircut of at least 7%. Except as specified in relation to shares and units in CUIs in points (a) and (b) of Article 15(2), no haircut shall be required on the value of the remaining level 1 assets. Those cases where the higher haircuts were set to an entire asset class (all assets subject to a specific and differentiated haircut in the LCR Delegated	Y	Article 10(2) of rules 266/2017	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=4a9520 68-fe9f-41a2-a7bb		
620		Article 12(1)(c)(i)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	LCR - Level 2B assets	Shares may constitute level 2B assets provided that they form part of a major stock index in a MS or in a third country, as identified as such by the CA of a MS or the relevant public authority in a third country.	Y	Article 12(1)(c)(i) of rules 266/2017	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=4a9520 68-fe9f-41a2-a7bb		
630		Article 12(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	LCR - Level 2B assets	Incorporation are unable for reasons of religious observance to hold interest bearing assets, the competent authority may allow to derogate from points (ii) and (iii) of paragraph 1(b) of this Article, provided there is evidence of insufficient availability of non-interest bearing assets meeting these requirements and the non-interest bearing assets in question are adequately liquid in private markets.	Y	Article 12(3) of rules 266/2017	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=4a9520 68-fe9f-41a2-a7bb		
640		Article 24(6)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	LCR - Outflows from stable deposits in a third country qualifying for the 3% rate	Credit institutions may be authorised by their competent authority to multiply by 3% the amount of the retail deposits covered by a deposit guarantee scheme in a third country equivalent to the scheme referred to in paragraph 4 of the third country allows this treatment.	Y	Article 24(4) of rules 266/2017	https://www.stj.ornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?Re cordID=4a9520 68-fe9f-41a2-a7bb		

Part 2
Transitional options and discretions set out in Directive 2013/36/EU and Regulation (EU) No 575/2013

	Directive 2013/36/EU	Regulation (EU) No 575/2013	Addressee	Scope	Denomination	Description of the option or discretion	Year(s) of application and the value in % (if applicable)	Exercised (Y/N/NA)	National text	References	Available in EN (Y/N)	Details / Comments					
010						<i>Date of the last update of information in this template</i>				15.7.2021							
011	Article 160(6)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional provisions for capital buffers	Member States may impose a shorter transitional period for capital buffers than that specified in paragraphs 1 to 4 of Article 160. Such a shorter transitional period may be recognised by other Member States.		Y	Article 44 of Act No. 57/2015	http://stjomartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?ID=5096	N						
012	Article 493(3)(a)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt covered bonds falling within the terms of Article 129(1), (3) and (6).		Y	Article 71(1) item 10 of Regulation No. 233/2017 on Prudential Requirements for Financial Undertakings	https://www.stjomartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?RecordID=2a5656ae-4b55-443b-977d-260778fc4fae	N						
013	Article 493(3)(b)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt asset items constituting claims on regional governments or local authorities of Member States.		N	NA	NA							
014	Article 493(3)(c)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures incurred by an institution to its parent undertaking or subsidiaries.		N	NA	NA							
015	Article 493(3)(d)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to regional or central credit institutions with which the credit institution is associated in a network and which are responsible for cash-clearing operations within the network.		N	NA	NA							
016	Article 493(3)(e)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to credit institutions incurred by credit institutions, one of which operates on a non-competitive basis and provides or guarantees loans under legislative programmes or its statutes, to promote specified sectors of the economy under some form of government oversight and restrictions on the use of the loans, provided that the respective exposures arise from such loans that are passed on to the beneficiaries via credit institutions or from the guarantors of these loans.		N	NA	NA							
017	Article 493(3)(f)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to institutions, provided that those exposures do not constitute such institutions' own funds, do not last longer than the following business day and are not denominated in a major trading currency.		N	NA	NA							
018	Article 493(3)(g)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to central banks in the form of required minimum reserves held at those central banks which are denominated in their national currencies.		N	NA	NA							
019	Article 493(3)(h)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt exposures to central governments in the form of statutory liquidity requirements held in government securities which are denominated and funded in their national currencies provided that, at the discretion of the competent authority, the credit assessment of those central governments assigned by a nominated External Credit Assessment Institution is investment grade.		N	NA	NA							
020	Article 493(3)(i)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt 50% of medium/low risk off-balance sheet documentary credits and of medium/low risk off-balance sheet undrawn credit facilities referred to in Annex 1 and subject to the competent authorities' agreement, 80% of guarantees other than loan guarantees which have a legal or regulatory basis and are given for their members by mutual guarantee schemes possessing the status of credit institutions.		N	NA	NA							
021	Article 493(3)(j)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt legally required guarantees used when a mortgage loan financed by issuing mortgage bonds is paid to the mortgage borrower before the final registration of the mortgage in the land register, provided that the guarantee is not used as reducing the risk in calculating the risk-weighted exposure amounts.		N	NA	NA							
022	Article 493(3)(k)		Member States	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemptions or partial exemptions to large exposures limits	Competent authorities may fully or partially exempt assets items constituting claims on and other exposures to recognised exchanges.		N	NA	NA							
023	Article 412(5)		Member States	Credit Institutions	Liquidity coverage requirement	Member States may maintain or introduce national provisions in the area of liquidity requirements before binding minimum standards for liquidity coverage requirements are specified and fully introduced in the Union in accordance with Article 460.		Y	Part VI of Regulation No. 233/2017 of Prudential	https://www.stjomartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?RecordID=2a5656ae-4b55-443b-977d-260778fc4fae	N						
024	Article 412(5)		Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Liquidity coverage requirement	Member States or competent authorities may require domestically authorised institutions, or a subset of those institutions to maintain a higher liquidity coverage requirement up to 100% until the binding minimum standard is fully introduced at a rate of 100% in accordance with Article 460.		N	NA	NA							
025	Article 413(3)		Member States	Credit Institutions	Stable funding requirement	Member States may maintain or introduce national provisions in the area of stable funding requirements before binding minimum standards for net stable funding requirements are specified and introduced in the Union in accordance with Article 510.		Y	Rules on Funding Ratios in Foreign Currencies, no.	http://www.cb.is/about-the-bank/central-bank-of-							
026	Article 415(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions	Liquidity reporting requirements	Competent authorities may continue to collect information through monitoring tools for the purpose of monitoring compliance with existing national liquidity standards, until the full introduction of binding liquidity requirements.		Y	See answers to above questions.								
027	Article 467(2)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised losses measured at fair value	By way of derogation from paragraph 1 of Article 467, the competent authorities may, in cases where such treatment was applied before 1 January 2014, allow institutions not to include in any element of own funds unrealised gains or losses on exposures to central governments classified in the "Available for Sale" category of IAS 39.		N	NA	NA							
028	Article 467(3)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised losses measured at fair value	Applicable percentage of unrealised losses pursuant to Article 467(1) that are included in the calculation of Common Equity Tier 1 items (percentage in the ranges specified in paragraph 2 of that Article)	2014 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA							
2015 (40% to 100%)							N	NA	NA								
2016 (60% to 100%)							N	NA	NA								
2017 (80% to 100%)							N	NA	NA								
NA							N	NA	NA								
031	Article 468(2) 2nd subparagraph		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised gains measured at fair value	Competent authorities may permit institutions to include in the calculation of their Common Equity Tier 1 capital 100% of their unrealised gains at fair value where under Article 467 institutions are required to include their unrealised losses measured at fair value in the calculation of Common Equity Tier 1 capital.		Y	Article 84(1) of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings	http://www.alt.hingli.is/lags/una/2002161.html							
032							Article 468(3)	Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of unrealised gains measured at fair value	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentage of unrealised gains in the ranges specified in points (a) to (c) of paragraph 2 of Article 468 that is removed from Common Equity Tier 1 capital.	2015 (60% to 100%)	N	NA	NA		
034												2016 (40% to 100%)	N	NA	NA		
035												2017 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA		
036												2017 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA		
037	Article 471(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Exemption from deduction of equity holding in insurance companies from CET1 items	By way of derogation from Article 49(1), during the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 December 2022, competent authorities may permit institutions to not deduct equity holdings in insurance undertakings, reinsurance undertakings and insurance holding companies where the conditions set out in paragraph 1 of Article 471 are met.		N	NA	NA							
037	Article 473(1)		Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Introduction of amendments to IAS 19	By way of derogation from Article 481 during the period from 1 January 2014 until 31 December 2018, competent authorities may permit institutions that prepare their accounts in conformity with the international accounting standards adopted in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 6(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1506/2002 to add to their Common Equity Tier 1 capital the applicable amount in accordance with paragraph 2 or 3 of Article 473, as applicable, multiplied by the factor applied in accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 473.		N	NA	NA							
038							Article 478(2)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Deduction from Common Equity Tier 1 items for deferred tax assets that existed prior to 1 January 2014	Applicable percentage if the alternative applies (percentage in the ranges specified in paragraph 2 of Article 478)	2014 (0% to 100%)	N	NA	NA			
039	2015 (10% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
040	2016 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
041	2017 (30% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
042	2018 (40% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
043	2019 (50% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
044	2020 (60% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
045	2021 (70% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
046	2022 (80% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
047	2023 (90% to 100%)	N	NA	NA													
048	Article 478(3)(a)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional deductions from Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish an applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 478 for (a) the aggregate amount of deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences; and (b) the aggregate amount of deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences and the items referred to in point (i) of Article 36(1) that is required to be deducted pursuant to Article 48;	2014 (20% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
049					2015 (40% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
050					2016 (60% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
051					2017 (80% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
052					2017 (80% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
053	Article 478(3)(b)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional deductions from Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish an applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 478 for (b) the aggregate amount of deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences and the items referred to in point (i) of Article 36(1) that is required to be deducted pursuant to Article 48;	2014 (20% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
054					2015 (40% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
055					2016 (60% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
056					2017 (80% to 100%)	N					NA	NA					
057	Article 478(3)(c)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional deductions from Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish an applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 478 for (c) each deduction required pursuant to points (b) to (d) of Article 66;	2014 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
058					2015 (40% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
059					2016 (60% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
060					2017 (80% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
061	Article 478(3)(d)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional deductions from Common Equity Tier 1, Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 items	Competent authorities shall determine and publish an applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 478 for (d) each deduction required pursuant to points (b) to (d) of Article 66.	2014 (20% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
062					2015 (40% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
063					2016 (60% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
064					2017 (80% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
065					2017 (80% to 100%)	N	NA	NA									
066	Article 479(4)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional recognition in consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 capital of instruments and items that do not qualify as minority interests	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentage in the ranges specified in paragraph 3 of Article 479.	2014 (0% to 80%)	N	NA	NA									
067					2015 (0% to 60%)	N	NA	NA									
068					2016 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA									
069					2017 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
070	Article 480(3)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional recognition of minority interests and qualifying Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital	Competent authorities shall determine and publish the value of the applicable factor in the ranges specified in paragraph 2 of Article 480.	2014 (0,2 to 1,0)	N	NA	NA									
071					2015 (0,4 to 1,0)	N	NA	NA									
072					2016 (0,6 to 1,0)	N	NA	NA									
073					2017 (0,8 to 1,0)	N	NA	NA									
074					2017 (0,8 to 1,0)	N	NA	NA									
075	Article 481(1)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Applicable percentage if a single percentage applies (percentage in the ranges specified in paragraph 3 of Article 481)		2014 (0% to 80%)	N	NA	NA									
076					2015 (0% to 60%)	N	NA	NA									
077					2016 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA									
078					2017 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
079					2017 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
080	Article 481(5)	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Additional transitional filters and deductions	For each filter or deduction referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article 481, competent authorities shall determine and publish the applicable percentages in the ranges specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of that Article	2014 (0% to 80%)	N	NA	NA									
081					2015 (0% to 60%)	N	NA	NA									
082					2016 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA									
083					2017 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
084					2017 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
085					2018 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA									
086					2019 (0% to 30%)	N	NA	NA									
087					2020 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
088					2021 (0% to 10%)	N	NA	NA									
089					2021 (0% to 10%)	N	NA	NA									
090					2014 (60% to 80%)	N	NA	NA									
091					2015 (40% to 70%)	N	NA	NA									
092					2016 (20% to 60%)	N	NA	NA									
093					2017 (0% to 50%)	N	NA	NA									
094					2018 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA									
095					2019 (0% to 30%)	N	NA	NA									
096					2020 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA									
097					2021 (0% to 10%)	N	NA	NA									
098					2021 (0% to 10%)	N	NA	NA									
099	2014 (60% to 80%)	N	NA	NA													
100	2015 (40% to 70%)	N	NA	NA													
101	2016 (20% to 60%)	N	NA	NA													
102	2017 (0% to 50%)	N	NA	NA													
103	2018 (0% to 40%)	N	NA	NA													
104	2019 (0% to 30%)	N	NA	NA													
105	2020 (0% to 20%)	N	NA	NA													
105	Article 495(1)		Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional treatment of equity exposures under the IRB approach	By way of derogation from Chapter 3 of Part Three, until 31 December 2017, the competent authorities may exempt from the IRB treatment certain categories of equity exposures held by institutions and EU subsidiaries of institutions in that Member State as at 31 December 2007.		N	NA	NA								
105	Article 496(1)		Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Transitional provision on the calculation of own fund requirements for exposures in the form of covered bonds	Until 31 December 2017, competent authorities may waive in full or in part the 10 % limit for senior units issued by French Fonds Communes de Créances or by securitisation entities which are equivalent to French Fonds Communes de Créances laid down in points (d) and (f) of Article 129(1), provided that conditions specified in points (a) and (b) of Article 496(1) are fulfilled.		N	NA	NA								

Annex II

Part 3									
Variable elements of remuneration (Article 94 of Directive 2013/36 EU)									
	Directive 2013/36/EU	Addressee	Scope	Provisions	Information to disclose	Exercised (Y/N/NA)	References	Available in EN (Y/N)	Details / Comments
010	Date of the last update of information in this template				15.7.2021				
020	Article 94(1)(g)(i)	Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Maximum ratio between the variable and fixed components of remuneration (% set in national law calculated as variable component divided by fixed component of remuneration)	25%	Y	Article 57a of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings https://www.stjornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?RecordID=da20783a-b074-4059-aca3-50016753001f	N	
030	Article 94(1)(g)(ii)	Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Maximum level of the ratio between the variable and fixed components of remuneration which may be approved by shareholders or owners or members of the institution (% set in national law calculated as variable component divided by fixed component of remuneration)	25%	Y	Article 57a of Act No. 161/2002 on Financial Undertakings https://www.stjornartidindi.is/Advert.aspx?RecordID=da20783a-b074-4059-aca3-50016753001f	N	
040	Article 94(1)(g)(iii)	Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Maximum part of the total variable remuneration to which the discount rate may be applied (% of the total variable remuneration)		NA			
050	Article 94(1)(l)	Member States or Competent Authorities	Credit Institutions and Investment firms	Description of any restriction on the types and designs or prohibitions of instruments that can be used for the purposes of awarding variable remuneration		NA			